## Waiver of Service of Summons

TO:	Salvatore G. G	Bangemi		
	T 1	un magning that I versive	samine of a summons in the action of	
I acknowledge receipt of your request that I waive service of a summons in the actio VonSteenburg v. NYACK Board of Education, et al. , which is case nur				
	VonSteenburg V. N I ACK BO	oard of Education, et al.	, which is ease number	
<u> </u>	08 Civ. 6191	CAT 37 1	I have also received a convent the	
for the Southern District of New York complaint in the action, two copies of this instrument, and a mea			I have also received a copy of the	
		of this instrument, and a	means by which I can return the signed	
waive	er to you without cost to me.			
proce lawsu	I would by not requiring that I (or ss in the manner provided by R  I (or the entity on whose be it or to the jurisdiction or ventons or in the service of the sur	r the entity on whose below the first tendency of the court except to the court except	an additional copy of the complaint in half I am acting) be served with judicial retain all defenses or objections to the for objections based on a defect in the	
	I understand that a judgment may be entered against me (or the party on whose behalf I am			
acting) if an answer or motion under Rule 12 is not served upon you within 60 days after				
	July 28, 2009,	or within 90 da	ys after that date if the request was sent	
outsi	de the United States.	$\wedge$		
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ъ.		C:		
Date		Signature	Daniel C. Falson	
	Printed/typed name: Daniel G. Ecker			
	{ as <u>Attorney</u> { of Bryan Burrell			
		{ or <u>bryan B</u>	arren }	

## Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant who, after being notified of an action and asked to waive service of a summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or even its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against the defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons has been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.

Effective A/o 12/1/93 in compliance with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 4 SDNY Web 4/99